WEAR PROTECTION FOR PLANT COMPONENTS AND PIPE SYSTEMS
Consulting and design

Every wear problem requires an individual solution. We analyse the type of wear occurring and its associated parameters – in cyclone applications, for example, where we consider the size and shape of grains, the speed of conveyance and the angles of impact – so we can apply appropriately designed linings to extend the service life of plant components. We support your project right from the onset and ensure its rapid and economical completion.

“The better the material and the lining address the specific problem, the more durable and economical the solution.”

Wear-resistant materials

We produce wear-resistant materials with different properties and market them in the form of compounds, tiles, specially shaped components and cylinders.

- ABRESIST fused cast basalt
- KALCOR zirconium corundum
- KALOCER oxide ceramic
- KALSCA silicon carbide ceramic
- KALCERAM hard ceramic
- KALMETALL hard facing
- KALCAST hard cast iron
- KALCNET hard compound
- KALPOXY hard compound
- KALEA high performance plastic
- KALEN thermoplastic

Wear-resistant pipe systems

We line piping components, such as pipes or pipe bends, with wear-resistant materials to make them thereby resistant to wear. We also manufacture hard cast piping components. Flexible and wear-resistant KALFLEX pipes and pipe bends are used where conditions such as vibration and linear expansion exclude the use of rigid piping systems.

Wear protection for industrial plants

Our proven solutions ensure effective wear protection in plant components. The optimum wear protection design often involves combining different materials. Those materials are then matched to the different loadings. Here it is important to select a suitable installation method for the product. That method must address various general conditions, such as temperature, vibration or accessibility in the plant.

Customer-specific solutions

We manufacture customer-specific plant components that account for all essential aspects of the wear and provide long, cost-effective service life. Protective linings are installed at our factories or in situ on the customer’s premises. Bunkers, cyclones, mixers, channels and other non-portable plant components are lined in place by our global installation team or under the direction of professional installers.

The transport of bulk products in the base material industry and other industrial sectors causes extensive wear in plant components. When that wear interrupts operations, the losses incurred even exceed the cost of procuring replacements and repairs. This is unacceptable in today’s competitive world markets. The solution to the problem is reliable wear protection.

The selection of the appropriate material is of vital importance as well as its correct application. Kalenborn have been dedicated to plant protection since originally developing fused cast basalt for wear reduction and cost savings. Starting with fused cast basalt more than eighty years ago, a wide range of wear resistant materials has been developed with each material offering special characteristics. The materials are valuable, but the knowledge from experience gathered all over the world in many branches of industry is just as important.

The highest cost in many situations is the lost production time due to unplanned outages. The money saved by using low cost steel components can result in a much higher cost later. Abrasion resistant pipes and plant components save money as repair frequency is greatly reduced and production time is increased. From that point forward, every repair that can be avoided as a result represents money saved.

“Effective corrosion protection with ceramic, mineral and metal materials”

Impact plates for bulk goods with KALOCER and pipes with ABRESIST

Pulverized coal distributors made of KALMETALL

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WE MANUFACTURE WEAR PROTECTION LININGS MADE TO MEASURE

WE MANUFACTURE WEAR PROTECTION LININGS MADE TO MEASURE
Kalenborn offer a complete array of wear protection materials to achieve acceptable service lifetimes. In addition, Kalenborn have extensive experience in the field of slide promotion. Interruptions of material flow inside of bunkers and silos must be avoided and Kalenborn cover the entire material range with plastics as well as metallic and ceramic materials. Kalenborn can supply a tailor-made solution for almost any particular problem. Our experts are prepared to be of assistance.

Coal Fired Power Plants
Plant components are subject to substantial wear in coal storage and coal transport systems. This includes coal pulverizing and injection into the boiler, dust collection and ash removal including fly ash and bottom ash. The situation is similar for limestone and gypsum in desulfurization systems.

Iron and Steel Industry
Critical systems of the iron and steel industry are the raw material storage and processing at the sinter plant, coke plant and blast furnace operation. Comprehensive wear protection is also an absolute must for steel making and in the rolling mills.

Cement Industry
Endangered plant systems are raw material storage and processing. This includes pulverizing and feeding into the rotary kiln as well as handling of coal, clinker, additives and cement.

Further Industries
Kalenborn are active in a wide range of industries and these include:
- biomass
- chemical industry
- ore and mineral processing
- ore and coal mines
- foundries
- glass works
- smelting works
- waste incineration plants
- recycling operations
- raw and bulk material plants
- hydroelectric power plants

Around the world, we are readily available to attend to your needs. The Kalenborn Group offers its international customers a local, well-connected network of experts everywhere.

Worldwide Organization
The headquarters of the company are located in Germany at the original production site of fused cast basalt. From here the company organizes international sales and supplies the various products for most applications. Affiliated companies are responsible for regional markets. In addition, Kalenborn have set up a close network of regional representatives and cooperating companies that ensure contacts with our customers.

USA
- Kalenborn Abresist

CANADA
- Kalenborn Canada

BRASIL
- Kalenborn do Brasil

FRANCE
- Kalenborn France

GERMANY
- Kalenborn Kalprotect

POLAND
- Kalenborn Delma
- Kalenborn OSW
- Kalenborn Bazalt

HUNGARY
- Kalenborn Refmon

SINGAPORE
- Kalenborn Asia

PHILIPPINES
- Kalenborn Weartech Philippines

VIETNAM
- Kalenborn Asia

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VIETNAM
- Kalenborn Asia
Pipe linings made of mineral, ceramic and metallic materials or of compounds and engineering plastics have proven themselves in practice. Depending on the requirements, there are material types with different properties.

**Lining advantages:**
- Longer service life of components
- Lower maintenance requirements
- No unscheduled downtime
- No unscheduled production outages
- Lower pressure losses and lower energy costs
- No contamination of the conveyed materials due to abrasion, mixture or oxidation
- Physiologically harmless, suitable for food products
- Smooth surface to achieve good flowability and to avoid plugs

To achieve both technical and economical wear protection, many factors have to be taken into account. The choice needs to be based on the application. Practical know-how and the availability of the different materials make it possible to achieve the desired long-term savings.

**Example of a mineral lining:**
- Lining
- Mortar
- Steel

**Example of a Wear Protected Pipe Bend**

Steel casing ...

Wear resistant lining – also in the area of turbulent flow

Simple installation with flanged connections

Good flow characteristics due to permanently smooth surface

Mortar ----

**Examples in Hydraulic Conveying**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>blast furnace plants</td>
<td>slag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chemical industry</td>
<td>caustic solutions with solids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coal fired power stations</td>
<td>bottom ash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hard coal mining</td>
<td>raw coal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hard coal washeries</td>
<td>heavy media with solids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>phosphate plants</td>
<td>phosphate ore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>potassium &amp; salt industry</td>
<td>potassium salts, kieserite, salts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>quartz &amp; gravel plants</td>
<td>gravel, sand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>refuse incineration</td>
<td>non-combustible residue, slag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rolling mills,</td>
<td>sintered material, mill scale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>continuous casting plants</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sewage treatment plants</td>
<td>sewage sludge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Examples in Pneumatic Conveying**

In pneumatic conveyor pipelines, most wear occurs in pipe bend walls. For this reason, piping with wear-proof internal lining is used at such locations. Because of turbulence in the straight sections immediately after bends, similarly lined pipes should be installed there as well. Recommended length: 10 times the inside diameter or 1 – 2 meters.

**Examples in Hydraulic Conveying**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>aluminum plants</td>
<td>calcined alumina, bauxite, electrode carbon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>abrasive plants</td>
<td>abrasives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>blast furnace plants</td>
<td>sintered material, lime, lime-oxygen mixture, packing compound, pulverized coal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cement plants</td>
<td>clinker dust, cement, blast furnace slag, fly ash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chemical plants</td>
<td>caustic lime, lime dust, fertilizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coal fired power stations</td>
<td>pulverized coal, quick coke, fly ash, ash, slag, pyrite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coal mines</td>
<td>coal dust, tailings for backfilling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>foundries</td>
<td>quartz sand, molding sand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>glass works</td>
<td>feldspar, quartz, kaolin, nepheline, cullet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>grinding mills and animal feed</td>
<td>cocoa beans, corn, sunflower seeds, cereals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ore mines</td>
<td>concentrate, tailings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>breweries, malting plants</td>
<td>hops, malt, rice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mineral wool &amp; insulation</td>
<td>production waste, saw waste, perlite, stone dust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>products</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>refuse incineration</td>
<td>industrial and domestic refuse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vacuum refuse collection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>steel plants</td>
<td>carbon and limestone injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>technical carbon plants</td>
<td>technical carbon, graphite for electrodes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hydraulic pipelines generally need to be protected from wear along their entire length. Depending on flow characteristics and general operating conditions, fused cast basalt pipes such as hydraulic lines used to flush boiler slag can have a service life of more than 20 years.**
In order to protect plant components used in the production of energy and raw materials as well as in primary industries, Kalenborn provides tried-and-tested solutions for effective protection against wear. But when it comes to wear, no two conditions are exactly alike.

There is frictional wear on plant components in continuous operation (such as cyclones, separators and sifters) and impact wear on components used intermittently in batch operations (such as mixers, silos and transfer chutes). These components must also withstand the loading and discharge process.

The optimum wear-protection system often involves a combination of multiple materials. Those materials are then matched to the different loadings.

The selection of a suitable means of installation is also important. Different boundary conditions such as temperature, vibration or availability in the plant require different methods for mounting the wear protection elements.

**Lining advantages:**
- longer service life of components
- lower maintenance requirements
- no unscheduled downtime
- no unscheduled production outages
- lower pressure losses and lower energy costs
- no contamination of the conveyed materials due to abrasion, mixture or oxidation
- physiologically harmless, suitable for food products
- smooth surface to achieve good flowability and to avoid plugs

**Principle of Wear Protected System Components**

- Reduced pressure losses and low energy cost
- Abrasion resistant lining in zones of turbulence
- Steel casing
- Good flow properties due to smooth surface that lasts

**Convex dryer in a petrochemical plant with KALCOR**

- **Typical system components with wear protection lining**

**Application Examples**

The large rocks handled in quarries and mines are not the only problems for conveying and processing systems. In modern process plants, characterized by high throughput rates and conveying velocities, even apparently harmless materials cause significant wear.

Here is a list of typical abrasion problem components:

- ash pipelines
- belt discharge chutes
- bunker spirals
- bunkers
- channels
- chutes
- circulating air separators
- continuous flow conveyors
- cyclones
- dissolving tanks
- drying sections
- dust collecting equipment
- dust collecting pipes
- fans
- flue gas ducts
- flumes
- gravel release tunnels
- hoppers of rotary dryers
- hydrocyclones
- launders
- mixer troughs
- pipe bends
- pipes
- pneumatic backfill lines
- prilling tower bottoms
- pulpers
- receivers
- screw conveyor troughs
- separators
- settling basins
- shaft spirals
- sifters
- silos
- sinter troughs
- tailings lines
- tanks
- thickeners
- tubular chain conveyors
- turbo separators
- vibrating troughs
- washing drums
ABRESIST fused cast basalt has been used successfully for years as a universal material for abrasion protection. Depending on the application and geometry, it can be used with temperatures up to 350 °C / 662 °F. Installed as original equipment, ABRESIST is an excellent solution to wear problems before they start.

During the manufacture of ABRESIST, selected natural basalt is melted and cast into molds, then moved into an annealing furnace. Due to the casting process, precise cylinders from 40 to 610 mm internal diameter can be produced for pipes and bends. Special tile shapes are engineered for larger pipe diameters and other equipment.

ABRESIST has an extremely hard and smooth surface. The material is corrosion resistant to most acids and alkalis. This makes ABRESIST very effective for pipelines where abrasion and corrosion occur together.

The idea to melt stone is age-old. However, melting of basalt only started with lab tests at the end of the 19th century. The development was hardly successful beyond this stage due to crystallization problems and inadequate application tests. However, by the early 1920’s our company successfully produced a basalt based abrasion resistant material. Today, under the trade name ABRESIST, fused cast basalt has become a proven product worldwide.

**ABRESIST**

Fused cast basalt is a mineral based wear protection material for plant components when the conveying material produces friction induced abrasion.

Installation: cylinders or shaped components. In special cases epoxies or synthetic mortars may be used due to strong mechanical stresses and/or vibration. Where higher temperatures are concerned, potassium silicate mortar may be used for installation. Mechanical fixing is feasible as well.

Application temperature: up to approximately 350 °C / 662 °F depending on application and geometry.

Advantages: highly abrasion resistant, smooth surface that lasts, no corrosion.
Quite often screw-type elevators are used for transport in waste water treatment plants. Continued proper functioning of the annular gap requires its being protected against wear. ABRESIST is successfully used for that purpose even at diameters of 3,000 mm and 15,000 mm length.

Waste paper bales are mixed for paper recycling in pulpers. Since the bales contain considerable impurities the pulper bottom is durably protected with ABRESIST.

Hoppers of any shape for material discharge are fitted with ABRESIST as wear protection.

Chain conveyor for wet ash removal in a power plant. Drains cast into the lining reduce the undesired carrying of water to the discharge zone thereby lowering the water consumption rate.

ABRESIST LININGS

FUSED CAST BASALT
APPLICATIONS

Separator components provided with ABRESIST wear protection

Combi-sorter made of high-grade steel used by the paper industry protected from wear by ABRESIST tiles

ABRESIST has performed well on automobile test tracks all over the world. Here, skid tiles are laid in Switzerland.

The bends and straight extension sections of the feed pipes to cement silos have been lined with ABRESIST

ABRESIST skid tiles at the right showing their natural surface; skid tiles with polished surface at the left to ensure a minimum friction coefficient

ABRESIST pipe for hydraulic ore transport
With the growing knowledge of preventive wear protection the demand for durable materials with extended service life has increased. KALCOR, a zirconium corundum was developed for extreme abrasion resistance and high temperatures up to 1,200 °C / 2,192 °F.

KALCOR lined pipes

Alumina and zirconia are formed into tiles, shaped components and cylinders. This shape capability allows KALCOR to be manufactured into many different components demanded by various industries.

KALCOR

Material of alumina and zirconia for plant components, where extreme wear and/or high temperatures occur.

Installation: cylinders or shaped components in cement mortar or special setting compounds. Mechanical fixing is also possible.

Application temperature: up to approximately 1,200 °C / 2,192 °F depending on application and geometry.

Advantages: highly abrasion resistant, temperature resistant, corrosion resistant.

KALCOR pipe bend with deflectors to regulate flow

High temperature wear protection in a dedusting cyclone of a blast furnace plant in Europe

Wear protection for high temperatures involves problems due to thermal stress between the outer steel component and the rigid lining. These problems can be solved by using KALCOR as wear protection material and the right mechanical fixing method: bolted connections or welded steel inserts. Example: drying drum in a chemical plant at 800 °C / 1,472 °F.

With custom cast special moulded elements or pre-cut shapes, KALCOR wear protection conforms well to the surfaces being lined.
Flue gas dust collector for dust removal from petroleum coke calciner in an oil refinery at temperatures up to 450 °C / 842 °F:
10 cyclones incl. immersion pipes, supply channels and raw gas bends have been lined with abrasion resistant KALCOR.

Pipe branching in pneumatic conveying pipe lined with KALCOR.

Pulverized coal distributor with reliable KALCOR lining to ensure trouble-free continuous operation.

Pulverized coal bends lined with KALCOR zirconium corundum and welded-on unlined transition sections.

KALCOR protects the convex dryer of a chemical company against abrasion by fine-grained aluminum silicate at high temperature differences.

Convex dryer inlet with KALCOR-lined tiles.

Transition to the inlet of the convex dryer.

Asymmetric cross-section of a pipe.

Sintered KALCOR enables tiles, shaped components and cylinders with thin wall thicknesses.
KALOCER is a member of the oxide family of ceramics, with aluminum oxide as the main component. Extremely high abrasion resistance is achieved by careful selection of the particle size and distribution. Most tiles or cylinders are formed by pressing a dry powder of the ceramic. Machining of ceramic prior to kiln firing or slip-casting allows the manufacture of components with geometrically difficult shapes.

KALOCER can be manufactured in very thin tiles. This is an advantage when existing plant components have to be lined and space or weight are of critical importance.

Mechanically fixed special tiles of KALOCER protect the cone against wear even in case of thermal shock stress.

High alumina ceramics for plant components with extreme wear and/or temperature conditions. For thin linings or for smooth surfaces.

Installation: pipes, shaped components, or thin tiles laid in KALFIX synthetic mortar.

KALOCER tiles vulcanized into rubber mats for installation by gluing are available. Mechanical fixing by welding is also possible.

Application temperature: up to 1,200 °C / 2,192 °F depending on application and geometry.

Advantages: highly wear resistant, smooth surface that lasts, no corrosion, available from 1.5 mm thickness.

Kalenborn offer KALOCER mosaics in different sizes: square, hexagonal or special design from 1.5 mm to 12 mm thickness. Mosaics can be supplied with book ends. Vulcanized solutions are available.

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Agitators and mixers subject to extreme wear can be durably protected with KALOCER tiles shaped to the specific equipment design.

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Lining of a cyclone handling diatomaceous earth lined with 6 mm thick KALOCER tiles; the epoxy setting is resistant up to 180 °C / 356 °F.

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Skip collection chute with KALOCER lining installed at a European blast furnace plant; the shaped elements are up to 50 mm thick and have been cut three-dimensionally to fit the component.

Lining of a cyclone handling diatomaceous earth lined with 6 mm thick KALOCER tiles; the epoxy setting is resistant up to 180 °C / 356 °F.
OXIDE CERAMIC APPLICATIONS

Chute for blast furnace lining in a European plant; the KALOCER lining is 50 mm thick.

Octagonal hopper in a steel plant; the 50 mm thick KALOCER tiles have been three-dimensionally shaped and cut.

Highly abrasion resistant KALOCER pipes to transport ore sludge in a mine in the Far East.

Screw lined with high alumina ceramics operated in a potash plant.

KALOCER lining of a mill for superfine grinding of coloured pigments.

KALOCER pipe bricks are an economical alternative for lining pipes and bends.

Lining a cyclone inlet with KALOCER; the vaulted form makes it possible to fix radial shaped elements in KALFIX setting compound whereas the headwall requires mechanical fixing by means of weld sleeves and ceramic caps.

Precisely cut and fitted KALOCER lining in a separator system assures trouble-free operation.

Solid protection of an outlet cone with precise fitting of the manhole.

Cascade chute with wear blocks made of 100 mm-thick KALOCER oxide ceramic. The ceramic is fixed to the impact plates in KALFIX setting compound. The impact plates are fastened to the chute with an angle bracket.
Outstanding resistance against wear and thermal shock is achieved with KALSICA. KALSICA is part of the silicon carbide ceramics group and available in different qualities. High precision can be achieved in manufacturing KALSICA shapes, formed by pressing or casting, then sintering in a reactor kiln.

Wall thickness from 2 mm for the shaped components is another advantage of using KALSICA wear protection linings.

KALSICA

Silicon carbide ceramics for plant components for extreme wear, high temperature and/or thermal shock.

Installation: individual shapes and components laid in mortar on synthetic resin or mineral base or in temperature and acid resistant based mastics. Mechanical fixing is also possible.

Application temperature: up to 1,500 °C / 2,732 °F depending on application and geometry.

Advantages: highly abrasion resistant, resistant to thermal shocks and manufactured to close tolerances.

1,200 mm diameter KALSICA cyclones guarantee reliable operation: the system separates silicon sand at temperatures up to 300 °C / 572 °F.

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1,200 mm diameter KALSICA cyclones guarantee reliable operation: the system separates silicon sand at temperatures up to 300 °C / 572 °F.
KALCRET hard compound is the general term for cement-bonded wear protecting materials. These are made from inorganic materials of high hardness and good wear resistance. The high density is attained by a well balanced particle size distribution of the individual components. The pores between the cement particles are filled with superfine particles of micro and nano silica.

Prefabricated shaped elements

KALCRET has performed extremely well in practical applications as prefabricated shaped elements. Tiles and shaped elements are fabricated with poured compound and equipped with standard fastening hardware, such as weld studs.

Prefabricated pipes and bends

Pipes and pipe bends lined with KALCRET can be produced with an inside diameter of 40 mm or more.

KALCRET

Cement bonded hard compound for a jointless lining of plant components where high wear and temperature occur.

Installation: by trowelling, casting or spraying.

Application temperature: up to 1,200 °C / 2,192 °F depending on application and geometry.

Advantages: highly wear resistant, strong and jointless lining, highly temperature resistant.

KALCRET allows wear protection of components with complicated geometry.

KALCRET is produced in-house. Variants are adapted to specific abrasion and impact wear protection requirements as well as operating temperature.

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Hard ceramics for plant components subject to moderate wear, e.g. coal bunkers and chutes, fine coal troughs, thickeners and chain conveyors.

Installation: made-to-measure tiles are laid either in cement mortar or KALFIX synthetic mortar.

Application temperature: up to approx. 1,000 °C / 1,832 °F

Advantages: average abrasion resistance, smooth surface, KALCERAM also shows good temperature resistance.

KALCERAM hard ceramic is a particularly attractive option where abrasion is only moderate and therefore does not justify the expense of other protective materials.

KALCERAM

- Hard ceramics for plant components subject to moderate wear, e.g. coal bunkers and chutes, fine coal troughs, thickeners and chain conveyors.
- Installation: made-to-measure tiles are laid either in cement mortar or KALFIX synthetic mortar.
- Application temperature: up to approx. 1,000 °C / 1,832 °F
- Advantages: average abrasion resistance, smooth surface, KALCERAM also shows good temperature resistance.

KALEA

Polyurea-based high-performance plastic for extreme wear and impact loading, very stretchable, elastic and tear-resistant.

Installation: Spray-on application.

Service temperature: up to approx. 130 °C / 266 °F, depending on operating conditions.

Advantages: High wear and impact resistance, seamless lining up to 10 mm coating thickness, very short processing time, ready for use after 4 days, resistant to corrosion, chemicals, acids and UV.

Polyurea-based high-performance plastic characterised by excellent wear resistance.

It is used wherever abrasive bulk materials such as ore, sand, gravel, shale, sinter, etc. are transported or stored and where they subject plant components and pipe systems to wear due to friction and impacts. This newly developed material is characterised by outstanding wear resistance and features a high rebound resilience. The weather-resistant and temperature-resistant surface protection also provides noise insulation.

KALEA is sprayed on and cures very rapidly. It can be applied to several base materials, including steel, aluminium and concrete. No separate corrosion protection is required.

As a result, the material is particularly well suited for the seamless lining of plant components with large surface areas, such as coal, ore and sand bunkers, as well as for silo and tank linings, chutes and slides. Moreover, this wear-resistant material can be used to line pipes with an inner diameter of 150 mm or more. KALEA is also recommended for use in combination with other Kalenborn materials.

Spraying on even a thin, seamless protective layer is all it takes to significantly extend the maintenance intervals of your plant components and pipes.
THE METALLIC MATERIAL FOR SPECIAL IMPACT AND ABRASION RESISTANCE

For particularly harsh operating conditions we have developed special KALCAST hard castings. Alloy components such as chromium and carbon ensure especially high hardness and abrasion resistance. Manganese provides particularly good impact resistance quality. Our KALMETALL material, from which we manufacture components which can weigh as much as several tons, consists of steel plates armoured with special hard metal alloys. It exceeds the service life of common steel several times over.

The program:
- KALCAST hard casting
- KALMETALL hard surfacing

KALCAST

- Hard castings of varying alloys and properties matched to the specific abrasion and impact wear requirements.
- Installation: made-to-measure shaped elements in setting compounds; mechanical fixing and self-supporting structures are also possible.
- Application temperature: up to approximately 350 °C / 662 °F depending on application and geometry.
- Advantages: high wear resistance with satisfactory impact strength or high impact strength with satisfactory wear resistance, economic in case of series production.

KALMETALL hard overlay welding

Manufacture of KALCAST hard castings

VARIABLE ALLOYS OF KALCAST HARD CASTING

Asphalt mixers are subject to significant wear; they are effectively protected by KALCAST

Shaft flight of KALCAST proven in use for hard coal mining

Pulverized coal pipe armored with hard casting KALCAST

Rotors for turbines

Typical applications of KALCAST hard casting are pipe systems; here a pulverized coal pipe of a power station in South East Asia

Cyclone used in a soil decontamination system – effectively protected with KALCAST
KALMETALL incorporates several hard overlay welded steel systems that consist of a tough basic body and hard overlay welding. Depending on the application case, the base material can be either a standard or a special plate. The hard overlay welding is the wear layer. It consists of a C-Cr-Fe system with primarily chromium carbides. The carbides provide the extreme hardness of the overlay welding. Depending on the composition of the alloy, the hardness may be up to 820 HV.

**Welding Service**
Kalenborn offer individual overlay welding for a variety of elements and components. KALMETALL allows Kalenborn to be a specialist in the regeneration of grinding systems.

**Hard Overlay Welded Plates**
Standard plates are offered at varying qualities, thicknesses and dimensions. Special components can be custom fabricated any time. Components of self-supporting structure are characterized by low weight and high economy.

KALMETALL
Hard overlay welded steel systems that consist of a tough basic body and the hard overlay welding.
Installation: by overlay welding or use of standard plates to fabricate complete structures.
Application temperature: up to approximately 750 °C / 1,382 °F depending on application and geometry.
Advantages: high wear resistance and high impact strength combined with optimal adaptation to the customer’s requirements.

**Kalenborn welding service, regeneration of a grinding table**

**KALMETALL MATERIAL**
WELDED HARD SURFACING FOR HIGH RESISTANCE TO IMPACTS AND WEAR

For a steel manufacturer in North Africa, a bucket wheel as a custom KALMETALL welded construction

Screws for hot sinter

Pipe armored with KALMETALL installed in a dust collecting system; inside diameter 400 mm, system thickness 8 + 5 mm

Pulverized coal burner lined with KALMETALL

Separating cones of cement classifiers made of KALMETALL as self-supporting structures

Screw conveyor protected with KALMETALL, diameter up to 2,000 mm, up to 10,000 mm length
High conveying speeds and abrasive materials cause wear in material handling systems. However, the wear is of varying intensity in different areas. This is where a combination of the different wear resistant linings proves successful.

Designed on the basis of prior successful experience, components can achieve similar lifetimes without some failing prematurely or other excessively protected.

### KALIMPACT ABRESIST

As a hard material composite formed with rubber, KALIMPACT is primarily used where high impact loading occurs in combination with heavy abrasion. The wear protection is vulcanised in rubber.

Depending on the specific abrasion and impact resistance requirements, KALIMPACT comprises either fused cast basalt ABRESIST, oxide ceramics KALOCER or welded hard surfacing KALMETALL.

Depending on the version KALIMPACT is glued, fixed on a metal plate with bolts, or magnetic.

### KALIMPACT KALOCER

Mosaic mats
- Low impact strength
- Flat angle of impact
- Abrasion-resistant
- Adaptable to convex and concave shapes
- Thin walls
- Easily cut to size
- Bondable
- Noise reduction

### KALIMPACT KALMETALL

Rectangles
- Moderate impact strength
- Flat angle of impact
- Outstanding abrasion resistance
- Mechanical or magnetic fastening
- Noise reduction

Squares
- Very high impact strength
- Steep angle of impact
- Highly abrasion-resistant
- Mechanical or magnetic fastening
- Noise reduction

### KALIMPACT KALCOR / KALOCER

### COMBINED LININGS: SIMILAR LIFETIMES FOR ALL PLANT COMPONENTS

In case of specific applications combinations of Kalenborn wear protection materials may be suitable, e.g. ABRESIST, KALCOR, KALOCER, KALCRET or KALMETALL.
COMBINED LININGS
APPLICATIONS

Use in a shredder system for plastic waste: KALCAST and KALCRET

Immersion pipe of a cyclone for separating granulated blast furnace slag in the cement industry; KALCRET and KALMETALL

Separator inlet housing designed as self-supporting structure made of KALMETALL and KALOCER subject to extreme stress

Pulverized coal distributor boxes protected with KALCOR for large surface lining and KALOCER to offer maximum wear resistance

Drum mixer for concrete lined with KALOCER high alumina ceramics; mixer tools made of KALCAST hard casting and/or KALEN PU plastics

Separator inlet housing designed as self-supporting structure made of KALMETALL and KALOCER subject to extreme stress

Kalenborn deviation pot with ABRESIST and KALOCER – the badly worn parts can be replaced

Impact protection along the outside of the bend: KALMETALL combined with KALOCER in a pipe brick configuration

Effective protection of a cyclone processing silica sand: KALCOR and KALSICA

Octagonal hopper subjected to impact stress lined with three-dimensionally cut KALOCER shaped elements as well as KALCAST shapes, each 50 mm thick

Coke wharf protected with KALCERAM K on the sliding surface, with KALSICA N in the zone of high wear and with KALCAST in the area of impact stress
Installation and Erection

A precondition for effective wear protection is proper installation. Appropriate installation and erection of the lining depend on material conveyed, application, equipment, design and installation position. It also depends on whether sliding or impact wear prevail, temperature or thermal shock stress, corrosive or acid exposure is present.

ABRESIST, KALCOR, KALOCER and KALSICA normally are laid in cement mortar or special setting compounds.

Higher temperatures require additional measures like mechanical fixing, e.g. especially if the subsurface has different thermal expansion than the wear protection lining. Special fixing systems have to be used for KALMETALL. Details are available in the relevant brochures.

Kalenborn offer a complete program of proven KALFIX setting compounds

Setting in cement mortar
Lining with KALOCER mosaic mats in KALFIX setting compound
Lining and fixing with synthetic resin putties

MECHANICAL FIXINGS AND HIGH TEMPERATURE APPLICATIONS

Tile with Hole
These are usually fastened to vertical and overhanging steel surfaces by means of countersunk bolts, conical weld sleeves or weld studs.

High Temperature Applications up to 1,200 °C / 2,192 °F
KALCOR, KALOCER and KALSICA are wear protective materials capable of withstanding high temperatures. A wide range of mechanical fixing methods and design details permit finding cost effective wear protection for any application. Moreover, KALCRET hard compound can be installed by casting, trowelling or spraying.

Tile with Steel Corner Inserts and Weld Straps
This mechanical fastening method enables installing the lining to steel surfaces by welding.

Tile with Groove
This method has proved useful as well and allows the fastening of linings to steel surfaces by welding.

ADHESIVE MOUNTING OPTIONS

KALFIX SETTING COMPOUND, SYNTHETIC RESIN PUTTIES AND CEMENT MORTARS

Tile with Groove
This method has proved useful as well and allows the fastening of linings to steel surfaces by welding.

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FLANGES AND OTHER JOINTS

Flange Joints
The connection of wear resistant pipes to each other or to regular steel pipes can be done with fixed and/or loose flanges.

Lined pipes can be connected to each other easily with a fixed collar and a loose turnable flange on one end. A weld-on counter flange with larger bolt circle diameter on the unlined pipe is a proven solution to connect pipes.

Unlined pipes, pumps or fittings can be connected with a lined pipe using an adapter flange.

Gaskets
The recommended dimensions of pipe gaskets are as follows:

- Outside diameter of the collar
- Inside diameter of the steel pipe

Minimum gasket thickness: 2 mm. The material depends on the specific conditions. All known gasket materials can be used. Other sealing systems are possible.

Expansion Joint Sections
For longer pipelines wear resistant lined expansion joints of various designs are available to compensate for changes in length.

Expansion joints in a hydraulic bottom ash pipeline

Couplings
Wear protected pipes can be connected by any known coupling system.

Threaded Joint
When a pipeline is stressed by tension, e.g. when vertically suspended, threaded joints can be used.

Welded Connections
When flanged connections and couplings are not the answer, it is possible to connect wear-resistant pipes by a welded connection.

Joint Couplings
Special joint couplings to compensate for difference in level and length.
KALDETECT ELECTRICAL
The wear resistant lining is fitted on the OD with a low voltage electrical circuit. If the wear resistant lining wears through due to abrasion in the pipeline, the electrical circuit will be interrupted. This will sound an alarm and, combined with a suitable evaluation system, will indicate the pipe section concerned or the plant can be automatically shut down.

For critical cases Kalenborn offer systems that monitor possible wear in the lining. This gives the operator early information for taking necessary action. Important and necessary, e.g. in pneumatic conveying lines to prevent toxic or environmentally harmful substances from being released.

KALDETECT PNEUMATICAL
The steel casing is twin-walled. Changes in the pressure level in the space between the two parts caused by a leak will activate an indicator or alarm or the plant can be shut down – similar to the electrical wear detection.

This system can be used for single pipes, complete pipelines or any mechanical plant.

KALDETECT MECHANICAL
The support structure and wear resistant lining are fitted with a bore hole. The length of the indicator pin monitors the thickness or condition of the protective lining when removed and inspected.

For critical cases Kalenborn offer systems that monitor possible wear in the lining. This gives the operator early information for taking necessary action. Important and necessary, e.g. in pneumatic conveying lines to prevent toxic or environmentally harmful substances from being released.

KALDETECT VISUAL
Indicator stones are integrated at different heights in a ceramic wear protection lining. Increasing wear reveals the colour of the stones, thereby indicating the condition of the protective lining and how much material has worn away. Visual wear detection is suitable for individual parts or complete plants.

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Advantages:
- Inside diameter ranging from 19 to 200 mm
- Maximum temperature 110 °C / 230 °F
- Pressure up to 10 bar
- Used in diverter valves
- Used as vibration reducing element
- Used as expansion joint
- Well suited for use in tight spaces
- Compensation of load cells
- Rubber sleeving: weather-resistant and durable EPDM

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KALDETECT installed in a German waste incineration plant

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KALDETECT – WEAR-RESISTANT FLEXIBLE HOSE SYSTEMS

KALFLEX is flexible piping that can be easily installed with flanges. The core elements of the system are abrasion-resistant tiles or segments. The segments are enclosed in a rubber jacket containing a fabric insert, which ensures adequate stability and leak tightness.

Diamond-shaped ceramic tiles with KALOCER
They provide excellent protection against frictional wear and also make it possible to achieve the tight radius and sharp angles of fixed pipe bends in all directions. The inner diameter ranges from 50 to 200 mm.

Segments with KALOCER oxide ceramics
For applications subject to extremely harsh sliding wear conditions, the segments can be made of high alumina ceramics. The inner diameter ranges from 50 to 125 mm. For design reasons, collars and flanges are made of hard casting and/or steel.

Segments with KALCAST hard castings
The wear-resistant KALCAST segments are made of hard castings that provide protection against both impact and sliding wear. Diameters range from 19 to 200 mm.

KALDETECT WEAR DETECTION ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL, PNEUMATICAL AND VISUAL SYSTEMS

For critical cases Kalenborn offer systems that monitor possible wear in the lining. This gives the operator early information for taking necessary action. Important and necessary, e.g. in pneumatic conveying lines to prevent toxic or environmentally harmful substances from being released.

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A WIDE RANGE OF MATERIALS PRODUCED IN-HOUSE

Mineral materials

- **KALCERAM hard ceramic**
  - Special high alumina ceramics for system components exposed to extreme wear and/or thermal stresses. For high abrasion or thermal stresses, it is recommended for particularly high loadings. Typical applications include: bunkers, troughs, chutes, bunkers, cyclones, etc.

- **KALSICA silicon carbide ceramic**
  - Ceramic material that provides outstanding frictional wear resistance at high temperatures. In different grades for different applications, in different grades for plant components. In mineral and oxygen-based ceramics, they are used as wear protection linings in pumps, fans or hydraulic cylinders.

- **KALCOR zirconium corundum**
  - Ceramic material that protects plant components against moderate frictional wear and caking problems at higher temperatures – e.g. for coal bunkers, chutes and storage tanks in coal plants. They are used as wear protection linings in pumps, fans or hydraulic cylinders.

- **KALPOXY hard compound**
  - High-performance epoxy resin-bonded hard compound, ready for continuous line-up on plant components. Where high wear and temperature occur, continuous lining of plant components is possible as needed.

Ceramic materials

- **KALOCER oxide ceramic**
  - Ceramic material that protects plant components against moderate frictional wear and caking problems at higher temperatures – e.g. for coal bunkers, chutes and storage tanks in coal plants. They are used as wear protection linings in pumps, fans or hydraulic cylinders.

- **KALEA high performance plastic**
  - Polyurethane-based high-performance plastic to protect against high wear loading on large surfaces. For rapid, seamless application of thin linings on plant and piping components, e.g. for coal, ore and bunker vessels, as well as for silo and tank linings, chutes and slides.

- **KALEN thermoplastic**
  - Technical plastic for corrosion-resistant wear protection which promotes sliding – e.g. for bunkers, chutes, troughs and similar equipment used to convey and store bulk materials.

Metallic materials

- **KALMETALL hard ceramic**
  - Metallic wear protection with excellent impact and abrasion resistance for large surfaces. Overlap welded steel systems comprising a tough ceramic material and welded hard surfacing – e.g. for ventilator housings, cyclones and separators, mixer linings, piping components, screens, troughs and transport channels.

- **KALCAST hard castings**
  - Ceramic material that provides outstanding frictional wear resistance in high temperature operations and to line plant components. In mineral or synthetic resin-based materials. Mechanical fixing is possible as well.

- **KALEA high performance plastic**
  - Technical plastic for corrosion-free wear protection which promotes sliding – e.g. for bunkers, chutes, troughs and similar equipment used to convey and store bulk materials. 

Compounds

- **KALEN thermoplastic**
  - Technical plastic for corrosion-resistant wear protection which promotes sliding – e.g. for bunkers, chutes, troughs and similar equipment used to convey and store bulk materials.

- **ABRESIST fused cast basalt**
  - Ceramic material that protects plant components against moderate frictional wear and caking problems at higher temperatures – e.g. for coal bunkers, chutes and storage tanks in coal plants. They are used as wear protection linings in pumps, fans or hydraulic cylinders.

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